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Yikeyilian

Week 1 Module 1 Unit 1

复习巩固

I.	I. Look and read (语音)	
	-ar /ɑ:/ hard card garden start farm lark cart dart	sardine
	-ue /u:/ glue clue true sue	
	-oo /u:/ room noon moon afternoon bamboo goose	troop tooth spoon
II.	II. Word dictation (词汇听写)	
	1 2	
	3	
	5	
	7 8	
	9 10	
	11 12	
	13 14	
	15	
	17 18	
	19	
	21	
	23 24	
	25 26	
III.	III. Sentence dictation (句子听写)	
	1	
	2	
	3	
	4	
	5	
	6	
IV.	IV. Read and choose (选出画线部分发音不同的单词)	

) 1. A. grape B. taste C. hamburger D. bakery

() 2.	A. some	B. <u>o</u> range	C. h <u>o</u> liday	D. office
() 3.	A. crunchy	B. pl <u>u</u> m	C. r <u>u</u> de	D. lovely
() 4.	A. sh <u>ar</u> k	B. y <u>ar</u> d	C. popul <u>ar</u>	D. m <u>ar</u> k
() 5.	A. t <u>oo</u> th	B. tr <u>ue</u>	C. tr <u>oo</u> p	D. f <u>oo</u> t
V. Re	ead and	complete (首写	字母填空)		
	Ther	e are a lot of	fa	ll over the work	ld. Look at this
frı	uit, s_	it's gr	een. Sometim	es it's red. Some	etimes it's sweet.
Sc	metime	s it's cr	Eat it e	very day and y	ou can keep the
d		away. It's th	ne a .	How about this	fruit? In summer
					It's green
		and red i			
		e best answer			
,					s a bar
`	,	of chocolate in			
		A. or		B. into	
		C. with		D. and	
() 2.	The purple do	own jacket is	Mary a	nd I give the red
		coat	Lisa.		
		A. to; for		B. for; to	
		C. for; for		D. to; to	
() 3.	nice	the strawbern	ries are! I want t	hem!
		A. What		B. How	
		C. Which		D. Where	
() 4.	I find it's	sour at	all.	
		A. not	B. too	C. very	D. much
() 5.	rain	y afternoons,	we can't go	We have
		to stay inside			
		A. In; outside	е	B. On; out o	of
		C. On; outside	le	D. In; inside	
专项技	是高				
,		l choose(选出)			
() 1.	/ˈɔ:lsəʊ/	A. Although	B. als	SO

			C. always	D. often
	() 2. /əˈraʊnd/	A. around	B. ahead
			C. able	D. article
	() 3. /ˈkrʌntʃɪ/	A. crack	B. catch
			C. crunchy	D. castle
	() 4. /teist/	A. touch	B. take
			C. terrible	D. taste
	() 5. /'wɔ:təmelən/	A. strawberry	B. watermelon
			C. watch	D. kiwi fruit
II.	Read	d and complete (读—	一读,用适当的词完成句子	·)
	1. N	Most green fruit is _	·	
	2. T	This is a red sweet fr	ruit with a single hard	core. It's a
	3. I	'm sorry to say this,	but the sea food is no	t at
	4. N	My mother likes stay	ring at home at weeken	nds. She goes
	t	o the cinema.		
	5. I	really don't know.	I'm what hap	pens.
			aying football. I really	
ш.				neir proper forms (用所
		词的适当形式填空)	3	r r - VW
			y) a packet of pineapples	and he enjoys
	,	eat) them.		
	2. E	Evervone (r	rush) out of the room	and (want) to
			licious and cheap fruit.	
	3. I		(eat) meat and grape	2S .
				7 all let (go) a
		oig laugh.	(tell) bonne jones. They	(80) a
			1) to go to school. Toda:	y nobody (has)
			i) to go to school. Toda,	y 11050dy (11 <i>d</i> 5)
IV		ny classes. d and write (規提答	句写出相应的选择疑问句	1)
1 V .			可与山柏应即起汗发问书	
		t is a glass of cherry		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
				?
		He likes the big and	round once	
	1	ic tives the big allo	TOURIN OHES.	

3.	?
4.	There are a lot of gift cards on the desk.
5.	She has a red dress.
	They can go to the park by bus.
) 1 1 2 2 V. Re	名师点拨 选择疑问句:提供两种或多种情况供对方选择的疑问句,其表现形式可以是一般疑问句形式,也可以是特殊疑问句形式,选项之间要用连词or连接。 1. 一般疑问句形式的选择疑问句 "一般疑问句 + or +选择部分",如: Are you going by bike or on foot? / Will you have tea or coffee? / Does he like green ones or red ones? 2. 特殊疑问句形式的选择疑问句 "特殊疑问句,选项A + or +选项B",如: Which would you like, tea or milk? / How long did he live here, five years or six years? / Who runs faster, you or Tim? write the sentences (按要求改写下列句子) The fox likes to eat the sweet grapes. (改为否定句,意思不变)
	There are many tomatoes on the short vine. (对画线部分提问)
3.	The strawberries taste sweet and a little bit sour. (对画线部分提问)
	The tall man has two glasses of wine in his hand. (对画线部分提问)
5.	The firefighters are very brave. (改为感叹句)
阅读和	口写作

I. Reading (阅读)

A. Read and judge (阅读短文, 判断正误, 正确的用 "T" 表示, 错误的用 "F" 表示) Grandma and Alice like making cookies together. Alice pours and Grandma mixes. They both scoop dough (生面团) onto spoons. Alice likes to drop the dough onto a cookie sheet. They clean up all the things when the cookies bake. Alice puts the bowl and spoons in the sink (水槽). Grandma cleans the table. The cat licks the sugar that spills (溢出). Delicious smells are coming out. Alice is very excited. She can hardly wait for the timer to ring.

Making cookies is fun. But eating them is greater fun!

- () 1. This story is about Alice and her pet cat.
- () 2. The people in this story are baking cookies.
- () 3. This story happens in the restaurant.
- () 4. Alice is mixing and Grandma is pouring.
- () 5. Alice is very eager (渴望) to eat the cookies.
- () 6. Making cookies is greater fun than eating them.

B. Read and complete (阅读短文,将下列句子补充完整)

There are many kinds of food. Where does food come from? They all come from plants and animals. Where does hamburger meat come from? Hamburger meat is made from beef. Beef comes from cattle (牛). Where does popcorn (爆米花) come from? Popcorn comes from corn. Corn is a seed from a corn plant. Where do French fries come from? French fries are made from potatoes. Are potatoes part of the potato plant's root? No, they are really part of the stem (茎). This special (特殊的) stem grows below the ground.

- 1. All kinds of food come from _____ and ____.
- 2. Hamburger meat is _____ from beef that comes from _____.
- 3. Corn is a _____ from a corn plant.
- 4. Potatoes _____ part of the potato plant's root.
- 5. Potatoes are part of the potato plant's _____ that grows below the ground.

II. Writing (写作)

请以"The popular fruit I know"为题写一篇英语短文。要求意思连贯,语句通顺。要求不少于60个单词和三种句式。

The popular fruit I know										
			*							

拓展阅读

People from all over the world like the taste of chocolate. Chocolate is a **refreshment** that many people enjoy as a **dessert** or snack. Some people like dark chocolate and some people like light chocolate. Some like **plain** chocolate and others like nuts or cream inside. Some chocolate is very sweet but some chocolate is a little bit bitter. Most people enjoy yummy chocolate. If you go to a candy shop that has a lot of different kinds of chocolate, you must find the most famous chocolate: Hershey's. It is **known throughout** the world.

I. Word bank (查词典,写出下列单词在文中的意思)

1. refreshment	2. dessert
3. plain	4. known
5. throughout	

II. Read and choose (阅读短文,选择最恰当的答案)

1.	Chocolate is very	all over the world.	
	A. interesting	B. popular	
	C. amazing	D. delicious	
2.	What do many people enjoy	y chocolate as? A	

- A. stationery B. furniture
- C. barbecue D. dessert
- 3. How does the chocolate taste?
 - A. Sweet and sour.

 B. Bitter and juicy.
 - C. Spicy and sweet. D. Sweet and bitter.
- 4. What is Hershey's?
 - A. The most famous clothes.
 - B. The most famous drink.
 - C. The most famous chocolate.
 - D. The most famous snack.
- 5. Which is true about Hershey's?
 - A. He is a popular singer.
 - B. It is known throughout the world.
 - C. It is very yummy.
 - D. He makes the most delicious chocolate.

Week 2 Module 1 Unit 2

复习巩固

I.	Look	and read (语音)
	-ir	/3:/ third thirteen thirty sir first birthday shirt stir circle
	-ur	/3:/ Thursday hurt surf burn fur further return turkey
		murder
	-au	/x:/ Australia autumn August sauce cause pause audience
	-oor	/x:/ floor indoor outdoor
II.	Word	dictation (词汇听写)
	1	2
	3	4
	5	6
	7	8
	9	
	11	12
	13	14
	15	
	19	
	21	22
	23	24
	25	
III.	Sente	ence dictation(句子听写)
	1	
	6	

IV.	IV. Read and choose(选出画线部分发音不同的单词)									
	() 1.	A. r <u>ou</u> gh	B. tr	<u>ou</u> sers	С.	c <u>ou</u> ntry	D. c <u>ou</u> rage		
	() 2.	A. answ <u>er</u>	B. ac	ct <u>or</u>	С.	sk <u>ir</u> t	D. teacher		
	() 3.	A. b <u>eau</u> tiful	B. b.	l <u>u</u> nt	С.	y <u>ou</u> ng	D. another		
	() 4.	A. sh <u>ar</u> k	В. у	<u>ar</u> d	С.	popul <u>ar</u>	D. m <u>ar</u> k		
	() 5.	A. sch <u>oo</u> l	B. fl	<u>oor</u>	С.	d <u>oor</u>	D. b <u>all</u>		
V.	Re	ad and	complete (读一词	卖,用词	适当的词完	成位	句子)			
	1.	Ladies	always take a sm	nall ba	ng for carr	yin	g money. It is	a		
	2.	It is a	n area of sand s	sloping	g down to	o tł	ne water of a	sea or lake.		
		You ca	an enjoy the suns	shine	there. It is	is tl	ne			
	3.	The po	oor old man is u	nable	to see. H	e is	·			
	4.	You d	lon't need to fi	nd th	e key ev	ery	where. It's ju	ust		
			•							
	5.		— mall, hard and i	impor	tant. We	use	it everv dav.	We need it		
			we go outside an	_						
	6		you lose someth					ry to find it		
	0.	in the			a public	pια	ice, you can t	ry to mid it		
VI	Ch		e best answer (安)				
V 1.	(She tries to get				lown			
	\	, 1 .	A. slim	iic aii			slow			
			C. fat				strong			
	() 2.	It is dangerous	to wai			8	e.		
	,	,	A. smooth							
			C. thin		Ι). 1	thick			
	() 3.	He cut the meat		a		knife. What	hard work!		
			A. with; sharp		I	3. 1	with; blunt			
			C. in; sharp		I). i	in; blunt			
	() 4.	There is	in	your hand	d. S	Show it to me!			
			A. someone		I	3. a	anything			
			C. nothing		I). (something			
	() 5.	I have two unc	les	t	hen	n is an engine	er		
			is a professor.							
			A. One of; And	other	I	3. (One; Another			
			C. One of, The	othe	r I) (One of. The of	hore		

I.	Re	ad and	l choose	(选	出与例词相	司的	音标单词)		
	() 1.	<u>ou</u> ch	Α.	t <u>ou</u> ch	В.	soup	C. around	D. would
	() 2.	th <u>ere</u>	Α.	d <u>ear</u>	В.	h <u>ere</u>	C. where	D. d <u>eer</u>
	() 3.	l <u>a</u> st	Α.	d <u>ar</u> k	В.	ch <u>a</u> nge	C. watch	D. another
	() 4.	L <u>au</u> ra	Α.	<u>au</u> tumn	В.	l <u>au</u> gh	C. mouse	D. sour
	() 5.	s <u>ay</u> s	Α.	Frid <u>ay</u>	В.	pl <u>ay</u>	C. m <u>ay</u>	D. check
II.	Re	ad and	l comple	ete ((首字母填空)				
		Kitty	and he	er p	are	e wa	alking on	the beach. Th	ne s
	on	the be	each is	very	soft. Kitty	t	off	her shoes. O	ouch! Kitty's
	fee	t touc	ched s_		hard i	n t	the sand.	Oh, it's a	k
	Bu	t they	don't	kno	w w		key it is.	So they tal	ke it to the
	1		office.						
Ш.	Fil	l in tl	he blan	ks v	vith the giv	en	words in	their proper	forms (用所
	给	单词的	适当形式	【填2	逹)				
	1.	Put _		(yo	u) hand in	the	bag pleas	se. How	(do) it
			(feel)?					
	2.	These		(knife) are _		(Alic	e). Those	(one)
		are Pe	eter's.						
	3.	Sally		_ (w	vant)	(buy) food	in the supern	narket.
								(drink) o	
) elephant. W	
					nt) to do?	_		, 1	
IV.	An				ıs(回答问题	()			
					are these		the desk?	(their)	
	2.	Whose	e is this	sma	all key over	the	re? (Peter'	s)	
	3.	Who's	the tal	l ma	an sailing th	e b	oat? (Paul))	·
	4.	Whose	e new si	kirt	is on the flo	or?	(Mary's)		·

5. Who's that old lady? (Danny's grandmother)

名师点拨

Whose不能和who's混淆, whose是who的所有格,而who's是who is的缩写形式。Whose的用法:

1. 提问形容词性物主代词:

These are my notebooks. → Whose notebooks are these?

2. 提问名词性物主代词

That purse is mine. → Whose purse is that?

3. 提问名词所有格

Those are the twins' umbrellas. → Whose umbrellas are those?

V. Rewrite the sentences (按要求改写下列句子)

- 1. They are asking one of the teachers some questions. (用 the blind man 作主语)
- 2. These pencil cases are <u>Lucy's</u>. (对画线部分提问)
- 3. William is buying a new tie in a big shopping mall. (对画线部分提问)
- 4. There's <u>nothing</u> in the pocket. (对画线部分提问)
- 5. The cushion feels very soft. (改为选择疑问句)

阅读和写作

I. Reading (阅读)

A. Read and choose (阅读短文,选择最恰当的答案)

It is very important to have healthy teeth. Good teeth help us to eat our food. They also help us to look nice. We have three kinds of tooth. Each kind of tooth is a different shape. Each shape helps us eat

our food.

Our front teeth are good for biting into food. Our pointy teeth are sharp. They are good for tearing (撕扯) food. Big teeth are at the back of our mouth. They are wide and strong. These big teeth mash (捣碎) food to make it smaller. They are used for chewing (咀嚼) food,

种) food to make it smaller. The too.	y are used for chewing (咀嚼) food,				
() 1. What is the article mostl	v about?				
A. Teeth help us look n	-				
	teeth do different things.				
C. We should brush our					
D. How we can have he					
() 2. We have kinds	•				
	. three				
	. five				
() 3. What teeth are good for					
A. Front teeth. B	_				
C. Big teeth. D					
	r sharp teeth? — To food.				
	bite into				
	. eat				
() 5 are at the back					
A. Front teeth B					
C. Big teeth D					
B. Read and answer the questions. (i)					
·	He is only five months old. He wil				
	verything is food. He eats everything				
	s grass and bugs. He gnaws(咬) or				
_	s of corn. He puts his paws (爪子) or				
	Sam's favorite room. He likes sitting				
	is learning how to eat. Often, the				
baby drops her food. Sam always					
1. How old is Sam?	3				
2. What does Sam eat?					
2 Hat does sail out;					

- 3. What is Sam's favorite room?
- 4. Why does Sam sit under the chair?
- 5. What will Sam do if the baby drops her food?

II. Writing (写作)

请以"My favourite stationery"为题写一篇英语短文。要求意思连贯,语句通顺。要求不少于60个单词和三种句式。

My favourite stationery						
			*			

拓展阅读

The library is a great place to visit for help with school work and for fun. You can take your stationeries with you, such as your pencil case, ball pens, rulers, erasers Some of them are hard and smooth. Some of them are soft and rough. So take care of your stationeries, and don't lose them in the library. In the library, there will always be someone there to help you find what you want. That someone is a **librarian**. You can ask your librarian to help you find books about any subject that **interests** you. Libraries have books about everything from airplanes

to zebras. If you like to read **fiction**, your librarian can **suggest adventure** books, **fantasy** books and much more.

I. Word bank (查词典,写出下列单词在文中的意思)

1. librarian	2. interest
3. fiction	4. suggest
5. adventure	6. fantasy

II. Read and judge (阅读并判断对错,对的打√,错的打×)

- () 1. Students go to the library for help with school work and for fun.
- () 2. You can't take anything to the library, such as food, drinks, stationeries.
- () 3. You should be careful with your stationeries in the library.
- () 4. You can ask the librarian for help in the library.
- () 5. There are only a few books in the library.
- () 6. If you like to read fiction, the librarian will give you some adventure books, fantasy books and many more.

参考答案和听力文本

Week 1

复习巩固

- II. Word dictation (词汇听写)
 - 1. watermelon
 - 3. plum
 - 5. strawberry
 - 7. right
 - 9. vine
 - 11. often
 - 13. enjoy
 - 15. yard
 - 17. when
 - 10 look and guess
 - 19. look and guess
 - 21. have some fruit 23. on a tall vine
 - 25 : 1: 1
 - 25. in his yard

- 2. grape
- 4. cherry
- 6. think
- 8. crunchy
- 10. them
- 12. around
- 14. inside
- 16. never
- 18. a glass of cherry juice
- 20. close vour eves
- 22. purple and round
- 24. sit around
- 26. on sunny afternoons
- III. Sentence dictation (句子听写)
 - 1. Now smell it. Is it cherry juice or watermelon juice?
 - 2. Now taste it. How does it taste?
 - 3. Do you like red ones or green ones? I like red ones.
 - 4. It's nice too, and it's crunchy.
 - 5. What nice grapes! I want them.
 - 6. Those grapes are sour. They are not sweet at all.
- IV. 1. C 2. A 3. C 4. C 5. D
- V. fruits, sometimes, crunchy, doctor, apple, enjoy, juicy, outside, inside, watermelon
- VI. 1. D 2. B 3. B 4. A 5. C

专项提高

- I. 1. B 2. A 3. C 4. D 5. B
- II. 1. sour

2. cherry

3. fresh, all

- 4. never/seldom
- 5. guessing

6. enjoy

- III. 1. buys, eating
- 2. rushes, wants, get
- 3. is eating

- 4. are telling, go
- 5. doesn't need, has

【重点详解】

- 1. Tommy 为第三人称单数,其后用 buys; enjoy doing 结构用 eating。
- 2. Everyone 为第三人称单数,其后用 rushes, wants; to 后跟动词原形 get。
- 3. Look提示用现在进行时is eating。
- 4. Listen提示用现在进行时are telling; let 后用动词原形go。
- 5. Need后有to为行为动词,否定形式doesn't need; nobody为第三人称单数,用has。

IV. (此题答案不唯一)

- 1. Is this a glass of cherry juice or a glass of grape juice?
- 2. What does Peter like, the big and round balloons or the big and long balloons?
- 3. What's on the desk, a lot of gift cards or a lot of envelopes?
- 4. What does Kelly have, a red dress or a green dress?
- 5. How can they go to the park, by bus or by underground?
- V. 1. The fox doesn't like to eat the sour grapes.
 - 2. What's on the short vine?
 - 3. How do the strawberries taste?
 - 4. How many glasses of wine does the tall man have in his hand?
 - 5. How brave the firefighters are!/What brave firefighters!

阅读和写作

- I. A.1. F 2. T 3. F 4. F 5. T 6.F
 - B. 1. plants, animals
 - 2. made, cattle
 - 3. seed
 - 4. aren't
 - 5. stem
- II. (略)

拓展阅读

- I. 1. 点心 2. 餐后甜点 3. 平的,简单的 4. 知名的 5. 遍及
- II. 1. B 2. D 3. D 4. C 5. B

Week 2

复习巩固

- II. Word dictation (词汇听写)
 - 1. whose
 - 3. soft
 - 5. smooth
 - 7. blunt
 - 9. thin
 - 11. of course
 - 13. key
 - 15. take ... to
 - 17. matter
 - 19. all
 - 21. another
 - 23. purse
 - 25. slim

- 2. hard
- 4. rough
- 6. sharp
- 8. thick
- 10. take off
- 12. something
- 14. over there
- 16. lost-property office
- 18. blind
- 20. answer
- 22, the last
- 24. find
- III. Sentence dictation (句子听写)
 - 1. Whose pencil bag is this? It's very soft. It's Jill's.
 - 2. Whose books are those? They're so thick. They're Nancy's.
 - 3. Danny, put your pencil in your bag.
 - 4. Touch one thing. How does it feel? What is it?
 - 5. It's big and round. It's smooth and soft. It's a ball.

- 6. There's something in the sand.
- 7. Let's take it to the lost-property office.
- IV. 1. B 2. C 3. A 4. C 5. A
- V. 1. purse
 - purse
 beach
 over there
 kev

6. lost-property office

3. blind

VI. 1. A 2. C 3. B 4. D 5. C

专项提高

- I. 1. C 2. C 3. A 4. A 5. D
- II. parents, sand, takes, something, key, whose, lost-property
- III. 1. your, does, feel

2. knives, Alice's, ones

3. wants, to buy

4. drinks, drinking

5. comes, an, does, want

【重点详解】

- 1. hand 前用所有格your; it提示第三人称单数does ... feel。
- 2. These 后用复数形式knives;后面用所有格 Alice's; Those 后用复数ones。
- 3. Sally 为第三人称单数用 wants; want to do的结构提示to buy。
- 4. are提示复数形式drinks; 此处like后用动名词drinking。
- 5. A man 为第三人称单数用comes, elephant元音开头用an, He 为第三人称用does ... want。
- IV. 1. They are their sketchbooks.
 - 2. It's Peter's.
 - 3. He's Paul.
 - 4. Mary's new skirt is on the floor.
 - 5. She's Danny's grandmother.
- V. 1. The blind man is asking one of the teachers some questions.
 - 2. Whose pencil cases are these?
 - 3. Where is William buying a new tie?
 - 4. What's in the pocket?
 - 5. Does the cushion feel very soft or very hard?

阅读和写作

- I. A. 1. B 2. B 3. A 4. C 5. C
 - B. 1. He is five months old.
 - 2. He eats everything he finds on the ground.
 - 3. The kitchen is Sam's favorite room.
 - 4. Because the baby often drops her food.
 - 5. He will eat the food.
- II. (略)

拓展阅读

- I. 1. 图书管理员 2. 使产生兴趣 3. 小说 4. 建议 5. 冒险 6. 幻想
- II. 1. \checkmark 2. \times 3. \checkmark 4. \checkmark 5. \times 6. \checkmark